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APPLICATION NO.	N NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/798,731	03/10/2004	Seiji Aoyagi	020859-002810US	5013	
20350	7590 05/27/2005	EXAMINER			
	D AND TOWNSEND AN	BELLAMY,	BELLAMY, TAMIKO D		
TWO EMBA EIGHTH FLO	RCADERO CENTER	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-3834			2856		
			DATE MAILED: 05/27/2009	DATE MAILED: 05/27/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Commons		10/798,73	1	AOYAGI ET AL.	(m)				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
	•	Tamiko D.		2856					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHO THE M - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RIMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (Sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sply received by the Office later than three months after the did patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no eve on. a reply within the statu eriod will apply and wil statute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tin tory minimum of thirty (30) day I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	r. mmunication.				
Status	·								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	25 March 2005.							
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3)□									
Dispositi	on of Claims								
5)□ 6)□ 7)⊠	 4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-12 and 14 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 13 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 								
Applicati	on Papers								
9) 🗌 -	The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.							
10)	☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11)🛛	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Base the attached detailed Office action for	ments have bee ments have bee priority docume ureau (PCT Rul	n received. n received in Applicat ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National	Stage				
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1) Notic 2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S r No(s)/Mail Date		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	ate	D-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Oath/Declaration

1. It does not identify the mailing address of each inventor. A mailing address is an address at which an inventor customarily receives his or her mail and may be either a home or business address. The mailing address should include the ZIP Code designation. The mailing address may be provided in an application data sheet or a supplemental oath or declaration. See 37 CFR 1.63(c) and 37 CFR 1.76.

Election/Restrictions

2. Applicant's election without traverse of Group 1, claims 1-14 in the reply filed on 3/25/05 is acknowledged. It is acknowledged that claims 21-24 are canceled without prejudice.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-7, 9-12, and 14 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by either Kalnitsky et al. (5,982,608) or Kalnitsky et al. (6,110,791).

Re claim 1, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses a variable capacitor suitable for use in accelerometers (Col. 1, lines 29-32). As depicted in figs. 1, 3, 3A, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses a substrate (24) bearing a first electrode (e.g., conductor 18) coplanar with a second electrode (e.g., conductor 20). Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses a dielectric seismic mass (e.g. flexible membrane of dielectric material (14))(Col. 2, lines 56-58) separated from the electrodes (e.g., conductors (18, 20) by a gap (e.g. cavity 34).

Re claim 2, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses two elongated electrodes (e.g., conductors 18, 20) (col. 2, lines 28-30). Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 also discloses that the electrodes (e.g., 18, 20) can be interdigitated, which is equivalent to comb-shaped electrodes (Col. 2, lines 33-37).

Re claim 3, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses that the dielectric seismic mass (e.g. combination of flexible membrane of dielectric material (14) and beam (36)) comprises silicon nitride (Col. 2, lines 56-58). Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 also discloses that the dielectric may be a polyamide layer, which is equivalent to a polymer such as Payrylene.

Re claim 4, as depicted in fig. 1, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the dielectric seismic mass (e.g., flexible membrane made of dielectric material (14)) is perforated by holes (e.g., open ports 38).

Re claim 5, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the movement of the seismic mass alters the rate of occupation of space by the dielectric material in a fringe field arising between the electrodes (Col. 1, lines 32-36).

Re claim 6, as depicted in fig. 2A, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the movement of the seismic mass normal to the electrode plane alters the rate of occupation of space by the dielectric material in a fringe field arising between the electrodes (Col. 1, lines 32-36).

Re claim 7, as depicted in fig. 2A, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the movement of the seismic mass parallel to the electrode plane alters the rate of occupation

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of space by the dielectric material in a fringe field arising between the electrodes (Col. 1, lines 32-36).

Re claim 9, as depicted in fig. 3, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the beam (e.g., flexible membrane 14) is in contact with an anchoring portion (e.g., periphery 32).

Re claim 10, as depicted in fig. 3, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the beam (e.g., flexible membrane 14) exhibits a linear shape.

Re claim 11, as depicted in fig. 2A, and 3, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the beam (e.g. flexible membrane 14) is configured to accommodate movement normal to the electrode plane.

Re claim 12, as depicted in fig. 2A, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the beam (e.g. flexible membrane 14) is configured to accommodate movement parallel to the electrode plane.

Re claim 14, as depicted in fig. 2A, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the dielectric seismic mass and the beam (e.g. flexible membrane 14) comprise intergral features of a dielectric layer.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claims 8, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either Kalnitsky et al. (5,982,608) or Kalnitsky et al. (6,110,791).

Re claim 8, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 also discloses that the electrodes (e.g., 18, 20) can be interdigitated and interconnected arrays of conductors, which is equivalent to a first, second, third and fourth electrodes (Col. 2, lines 33-37). As depicted in fig. 3A, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses the dielectric seismic mass (e.g., flexible membrane made of dielectric material 14) is perforated by holes (e.g., open ports 38). Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 does not specifically discloses that the first hole is between the first and second electrode and the second hole between the third and forth electrodes, wherein the second hole is offset in pitch from the first hole. However, Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 discloses that the holes (e.g., open ports 38) allow air to move into and out of the gap (e.g., cavity 34 facilitating movement of the dielectric seismic mass (e.g., flexible membrane made of dielectric material 14) (Col. 3, lines 6-15). Furthermore, the court held in, <u>In re Japikes</u>, 86 USPQ 70 (CCPA 1950), that the no invention would be given in shifting the location of a part to a different location since the operation of the device would not be modified. Therefore, to employ Kalnitsky et al. '608 or '791 on a second hole offset in pitch from the first hole would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention since this reference explicitly teaches a variable capacitor suitable for use in accelerometers including a dielectric seismic mass with perforated holes overlaying and separated form electrodes.

Allowable Subject Matter

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7. Claim13 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim1, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and

any intervening claims.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tamiko D. Bellamy whose telephone number is (571) 272-2190.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 7:30 AM to 3:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hezron Williams can be reached on (571) 272-2208. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tamiko Bellamy

May 20, 2005

HEZRON WILLIAMS

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800

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